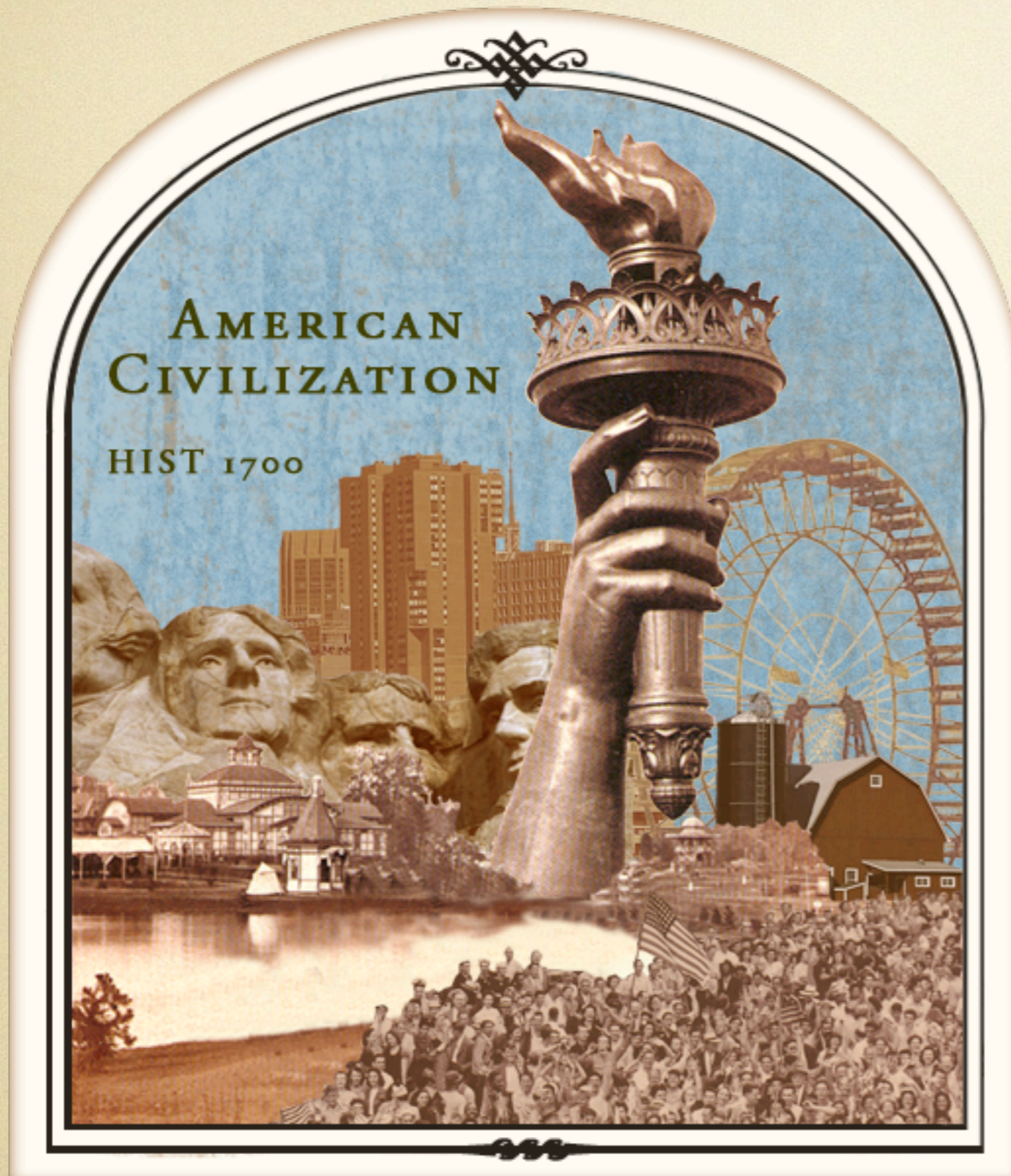


Welcome!



Lecture 9:
North and South

Unit 2: A New Birth of Freedom

Lecture 9: *North and South*



The Bonnet Rouge

Freedom Triumphant in War and Peace
by Thomas Crawford

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Lecture 9: *North and South*



Things the North and the South had in common by 1850:

- Shared heritage of the American Revolution
- Successful and growing economies
- Same geographic size

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Lecture 9: *North and South*

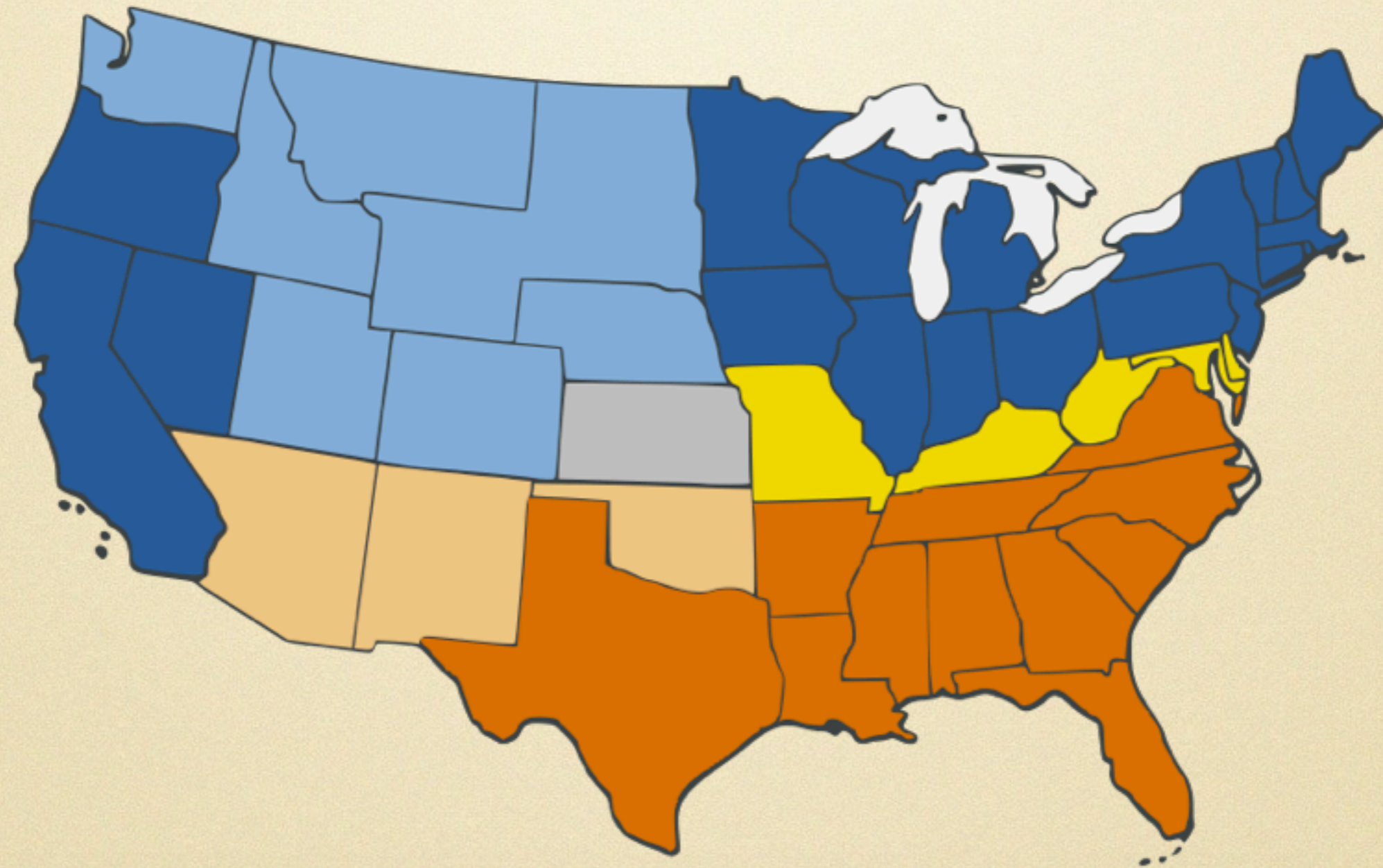
Differences between North and South by 1850:

- Demographic characteristics
 - ▶ North had larger population
 - ▶ North was more urban
 - ▶ North had more ethnic diversity
 - ▶ South was more rural
 - ▶ South had more racial diversity
- Economic characteristics
 - ▶ North had a mixed economy
 - ▶ South had an agricultural economy

Market agriculture, cash crop agriculture, subsistence agriculture

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Differences between North and South by 1850 (con't):

- Class characteristics
 - ▶ South had a narrower distribution of wealth
 - ▶ North had a larger middle class
 - ▶ North had working class consciousness

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Ideology of Free Labor

- dignity of wage labor
- social mobility
- belief that economic independence is a key to a democratic society

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Rise of Abolitionism

- Limits on the early abolition movement:
 - ▶ Constitutional limitation
 - ▶ concern for property rights
 - ▶ belief that slavery would die out eventually

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Rise of Abolitionism (con't)

- New abolition movement begins in the 1830s:
 - ▶ Realization that slavery is expanding not dying out
 - ▶ Second Great Awakening & Reform Movement
 - ▶ More militant tactics used